WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A method for deuteration of a compound having an aromatic ring, which comprises reacting the compound having the aromatic ring with heavy hydrogen source in the presence of an activated catalyst selected from a platinum catalyst, a rhodium catalyst, a ruthenium catalyst, a nickel catalyst and a cobalt catalyst.
- 2. The method for deuteration according to claim 1, wherein the catalyst is an activated platinum catalyst.
- 3. The method for deuteration according to claim 2, wherein the platinum catalyst is one comprising platinum of 0 to 2 valences.
- 4. The method for deuteration according to claim 2, wherein the platinum catalyst is platinum carbon.
- The method for deuteration according to claim 1, wherein the aromatic ring is one selected from a group consisting of benzene, naphthalene, anthracene, phenanthrene, 9,10-dihydroanthracene, naphthacene, pentaphene, pentacene, hexaphene, hexacene, heptaphene, heptacene, trinaphthylene, 1,4-dihydronaphthalene, pyrene, triphenylene, biphenylene, indene, indan, indacene, phenalene, fluorene, fluoranthene, tetraphenylene, acenaphthene, acenaphthylene, aceanthrylene, acephenanthrylene, coranthrene, rubicene, chrysene, picene, pleiadene, cyclopentaphenanthrene, pyranthrene, coronene, perylene, rubrene, dibenzophenanthrene, 1,2dibenzo-1,3-cycloheptadiene, pyranthrene and ovalene.
- 6. A compound represented by the general formula [2]:

(wherein A is a sulfur atom, a sulfinyl group or a sulfonyl group and at least one of hydrogen atoms belonging to an aromatic ring is a heavy hydrogen atom).